Table 1-2 Democratic Party Strength in the House, by Region, 69th-116th Congresses, 1925-2019

| Congress |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 75 \mathrm{th} \\ (1937- \\ \text { 1938) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 87th } \\ \text { (1961- } \\ \text { 1962) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 93rd } \\ \text { (1973- } \\ \text { 1974) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 96th } \\ (1979- \\ 1980) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 98th } \\ \text { (1983- } \\ \text { 1984) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 100th } \\ (1987- \\ \text { 1988) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 97.1 | 98.0 | 98.1 | 93.4 | 68.2 | 71.3 | 63.9 | 71.2 | 66.4 | 67.0 |
| Seats | 104 | 101 | 105 | 106 | $107^{\text {c }}$ | 108 | 108 | 116 | 116 | $115^{\text {h }}$ |
| Border |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 58.7 | 95.2 | 88.1 | 84.2 | 77.1 | 77.1 | 68.6 | 76.4 | 67.6 | 67.6 |
| Seats | 46 | 42 | 42 | 38 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 34 |
| New England |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 12.5 | 44.8 | 39.3 | 50.0 | 60.0 | 72.0 | 64.0 | 66.6 | 62.5 | 58.3 |
| Seats | 32 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Mid-Atlantic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 26.4 | 68.0 | 48.4 | 48.9 | 53.8 | 63.8 | 53.8 | 58.3 | 56.9 | 58.3 |
| Seats | 91 | 94 | 93 | 88 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 72 | 72 | 72 |
| Midwest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 16.7 | 72.2 | 43.7 | 40.7 | 37.6 | 55.3 | 50.0 | 55.0 | 57.5 | 59.5 |
| Seats | 84 | 90 | 87 | $86^{\text {a }}$ | $85^{\text {d }}$ | $85^{\dagger}$ | 86 | 80 | 80 | $79^{i}$ |
| Plains |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 14.6 | 38.2 | 16.1 | 19.4 | 36.0 | 40.0 | 36.0 | 54.2 | 45.8 | 50.0 |
| Seats | 41 | 34 | 31 | 31 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Rocky Mountains |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 28.6 | 93.3 | 75.0 | 68.8 | 42.1 | 47.4 | 36.8 | 33.3 | 37.5 | 37.5 |
| Seats | 14 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Pacific Coast |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 19.0 | 80.0 | 36.4 | 51.2 | 58.9 | 66.1 | 56.1 | 62.3 | 59.0 | 59.0 |
| Seats | 21 | 30 | 33 | $43^{\text {b }}$ | $56^{\text {e }}$ | $56^{9}$ | 57 | 61 | 61 | 61 |

Table 1-2

| Congress | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { 102nd } \\ \text { (1991- } \\ \text { 1992) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 103rd (19931994) | 104th (19951996) | 105th (1997 1998) | 106th (1999 2000) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 107th } \\ & \text { (2001- } \\ & 2002) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 108th } \\ & \text { (2003- } \\ & 2004) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 109th } \\ & \text { (2005- } \\ & 2006) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 110th } \\ & \text { (2007- } \\ & 2008) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 111th } \\ & \text { (2009- } \\ & \text { 2010) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 112th } \\ & \text { (2011- } \\ & \text { 2012) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 113th } \\ & \text { (2013- } \\ & \text { 2014) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 114th } \\ & \text { (2015- } \\ & \text { 2016) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 115th (2017 2018) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Region |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 66.4 | 61.6 | 48.8 | 43.2 | 43.5 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 37.4 | 41.2 | 45 | 28.2 | 29 | 26.8 | 28 |
| Seats | 116 | 125 | 125 | 125 | 124 | 125 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 138 | 138 | 138 |
| Border |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 67.6 | 65.6 | 50.0 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 37.5 | 45.1 | 45.2 | 48.4 | 51.6 | 41.9 | 36.7 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Seats | 34 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| New England |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 66.7 | 60.9 | 60.9 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 73.9 | 68.2 | 72.7 | 95.5 | 100 | 90.9 | 100 | 90.4 | 95.2 |
| Seats | 24 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Mid-Atlantic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 56.9 | 54.5 | 50.0 | 53.0 | 54.5 | 54.5 | 53.2 | 54.8 | 66.1 | 74.2 | 59.7 | 56.9 | 51.7 | 53.4 |
| Seats | 72 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 62 | 62 | 62 | $62^{\text {m }}$ | 62 | 58 | 58 | 58 |
| Midwest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 61.2 | 58.1 | 43.2 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 48.6 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 47.8 | 56.5 | 36.2 | 38.5 | 36.9 | 38.4 |
| Seats | 80 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 69 | 69 | 69 | $69^{\text {n }}$ | 69 | 65 | $65^{\text {p }}$ | 65 |
| Plains |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 54.2 | 54.5 | 36.4 | 36.4 | 40.9 | 36.4 | 31.8 | 36.4 | 54.5 | 50 | 31.8 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 28.5 |
| Seats | 24 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Rocky Mountains |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 45.8 | 45.8 | 25.0 | 20.8 | 20.8 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 28.6 | 39.3 | 60.7 | 35.7 | 41.9 | 32.3 | 38.7 |
| Seats | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | $28^{\circ}$ | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| Pacific Coast |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 60.6 | 63.8 | 49.3 | 55.1 | 56.5 | 63.2 | 64.3 | 63.8 | 65.7 | 65.7 | 64.3 | 70.4 | 71.8 | 71.8 |
| Seats | 61 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | $68^{K}$ | 70 | $69^{\prime}$ | 70 | 70 | 70 | 71 | 71 | 71 |

Table 1-2

| Congress | 116th (20192020) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Region |  |
| South |  |
| Percent | 34.8 |
| Seats | 138 |
| Border |  |
| Percent | 36.7 |
| Seats | 30 |
| New England |  |
| Percent | 100.0 |
| Seats | 21 |
| Mid-Atlantic |  |
| Percent | 72.4 |
| Seats | 58 |
| Midwest |  |
| Percent | 44.6 |
| Seats | 65 |
| Plains |  |
| Percent | 42.9 |
| Seats | 21 |
| Rocky Mountains |  |
| Percent | 51.6 |
| Seats | 31 |
| Pacific Coast |  |
| Percent | 83.1 |
| Seats | 71 |

Note: Figures represent the makeup of Congress on the first day of the session. Does not include independents. Seats is the total number of seats in each region, not the seats held by Democrats in each region.
Independents have not been counted as Democrats (see 109th Congress-New England)
a. J. Edward Roush (D-IN) was not sworn in until June 14, 1961 due to a disputed election result.
b. Alaska was admitted as a state in 1958 and Hawaii in 1959. There were 437 representatives elected in 1960, both included in the Pacific Coast row.
c. Hale Boggs (D-LA) was elected posthumously.
d. George Collins (D-IL) was elected in 1972 but died before being sworn into office.
e. Nicholas Begich (D-AK) was elected posthumously.
f. William Steiger (R-WI) was elected in 1978 but died before being sworn into office.
g. Leo Ryan (D-CA) was elected in 1978 but died before being sworn into office.
h. William Nichols (D-AL) was elected in 1988 but died before being sworn into office.
i. Daniel Coats (R-IN) won reelection in 1988 but was appointed to Dan Quayle's Senate seat on December 12, 1988.
j. Newt Gingrich (R-GA) was elected in 1998, but resigned from his seat before being sworn in.
k. Julian Dixon (D-CA) was elected in 2000 but died before being sworn into office.
I. Robert Matsui (D-CA) was elected in 2004 but died before being sworn into office.
m. Kirsten E. Gillibrand resigned to replace Hillary Clinton in the Senate on January 26, 2009, but was still present at the first session.
n . Rahm Emanuel resigned his seat to enter the Obama administration.
o. Nevada's Second District is vacant as August 21, 2012. It was formerly held by Dean Heller (R).
p. Ohio's Eighth District is vacant as of October 31, 2015. Vacancy due to the resignation of John A. Boehner (R).
Source: Congressional Directory, various editions; Congressional Quarterly Weekly Report, various issues; Clerk of the U.S. House of Representatives, http://clerk.house.gov; The Almanac of American Politics (Washington, D.C.: National Journal Group, various editions).

